

YOUR FULL NAME: _____

Survey

What name do you like to be called? _____

What is your favorite color? _____

When is your birthdate? _____

What types of paper activities do you like the most? (Mark your favorites.)

- Coloring
- Word searches
- Puzzles
- Crosswords
- Mazes
- Something else? What?

What kind of physical classroom activities do you like the most?

- Acting out a story
- Making a puppet show of a story
- Playing a TV-type game shows
- Singing or doing something with music
- Reading a story
- Doing a craft
- Something else? What?

How often do you usually go to Mass?

- Every day
- Every Sunday
- Once a month
- Hardly ever
- What's Mass?

When we have a party, what kind of food do you like?

What do you want to learn in this class?

What is something you would like to know about God, or Jesus, or the Holy Spirit, or the Mass, or Saints, or Prayer or anything?

Thank You God, for everything.



| The Lord's Prayer | What It Means |
|---|---|
| Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name; | We praise God the Father for being good and holy. |
| thy kingdom come, thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven. | We pray God will bring about a time of perfect happiness and peace. We pray that everyone will obey God's laws. |
| Give us this day our daily bread, | We pray for our needs and the needs of others. |
| and forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us; | We ask God to forgive our sins. We forgive people who have hurt us. |
| and lead us not into temptation, | We ask God to help us choose right instead of wrong. |
| but deliver us from evil. | We ask God to protect us from things that may harm us. |
| Amen. | We say "Yes, I believe. It is true." |

Mass

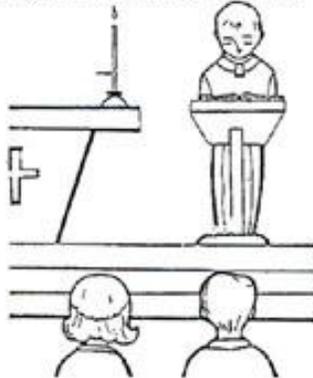
ORDER OF THE MASS THE LORD SPEAKS

ENTRANCE RITE

The Priest comes in and greets the people in the name of Jesus.



When the lector or the Priest reads the readings is God who speaks to us
Hornily
 God speaks to us through the Priest.



THE CREED -

WE PROFESS OUR FAITH



PRAYER OF THE FAITHFUL

The people raise their prayers, to the Lord

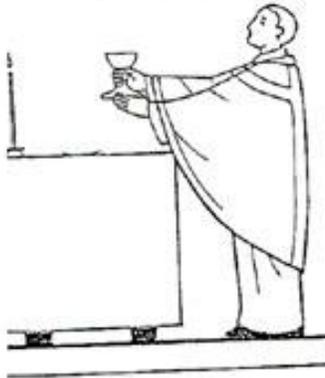
PRESENTATION OF THE OFFERINGS I

Bread and Wine is taken to the altar for the Eucharistic celebration. Each of us presents to God his life and daily work



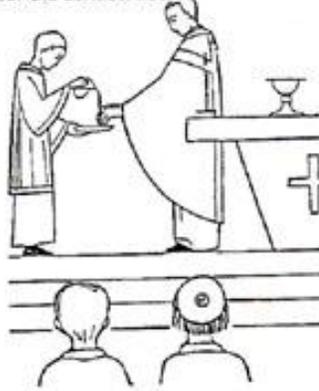
PRESENTATION OF THE OFFERINGS II

The priest prepare the bread and wine to present it to the Lord.



WASHING OF THE HANDS

The Priest wash his hands as a Symbol of purity in preparation for the consecration



THE PREFACE



This is a prayer of thanks giving to God for giving us salvation it ends with the praise acclamation to God by all the people.
Holy, Holy, Holy Lord.

CONSECRATION OF THE BREAD

The Priest does as Jesus did at the Last Supper, saying take this, all of you, and eat it: This is my Body



CONSECRATION OF THE WINE

The Priest change the wine into the living Blood of Jesus, uses the same words as Jesus uses at the Last Supper



Take this, all of you and drink for it: This is the cup of my Blood, the blood of the new and everlasting covenant, it will be shed for you and for all men so that sins may be forgiven. Do this in memory of.

THE GREAT AMEN

We give our assent to all that has taken place at the end of the Eucharistic prayer



THE LORD'S PRAYER PRAYER

We speak to God our Father in the words of Jesus taught us,



SIGN OF PEACE
 LAMB OF GOD

HOLY COMMUNION

The Priest gives communion to the people



CONCLUDING RITE

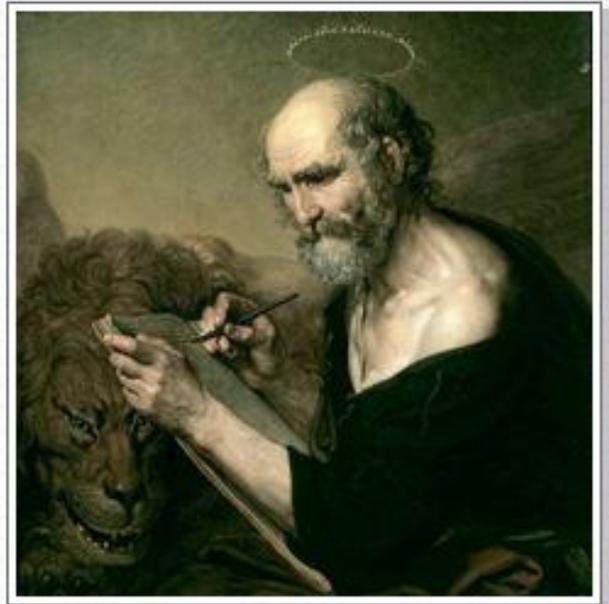
We receive God's blessing from the Priest: May almighty God bless you, the Father, and the son and the Holy Spirit. We answer. Amen

ST. MARK THE EVANGELIST

Feast Day: April 25

Mark was an Evangelist—one of the four men who wrote the Gospels found in the New Testament. Mark's Gospel was written first and it is the shortest description of Jesus' life, death, Resurrection and Ascension. Mark's writings helped both Matthew and Luke to write their Gospels.

Mark was not one of the original Apostles, and he probably never knew Jesus. Instead, we believe that he was a member of the first Christian community. In his writings, St. Peter refers to Mark as his "son." Peter may have used this term to show his love for Mark or he may have used it because he was the one who baptized Mark. It is believed that Peter was the primary source for Mark's gospel.



Mark traveled with Sts. Paul and Barnabas to spread the Good News about Jesus. During his imprisonment in Rome, Paul mentions Mark's concern for him and writes about how helpful Mark is in the ministry of helping others to believe in Jesus (Colossians. 4:10; 2 Timothy 4:11).

Mark founded the Church in Egypt and he became bishop of Alexandria, an important center of trade and power during ancient times. He died there sometime between the years 68-74 AD as a martyr for his belief in Jesus.

Mark's Gospel is a lasting treasure for all believers. He wrote his Gospel to help people know that Jesus was the Son of God who suffered and died to save us from sin and death. When we read Mark's Gospel, we learn that to be a follower of Jesus, we, too, must be willing to make sacrifices, to "take up our cross and follow" (Mark 8:34) Jesus as he asks us to do.

The symbol for Mark is a lion with wings. That is because his Gospel begins with the story of John the Baptist, a "voice crying in the wilderness" (Mark 1:3), like the roaring of a lion. Lions are called the king of the jungle. Mark's Gospel tells us about Jesus' royalty as God's Son, a kingship we share through our Baptism.

We celebrate Saint Mark's feast day on April 25. His life and Gospel reminds us to share the Good News about Jesus with others.

SAINTS FUN FACTS

by John Sheppard

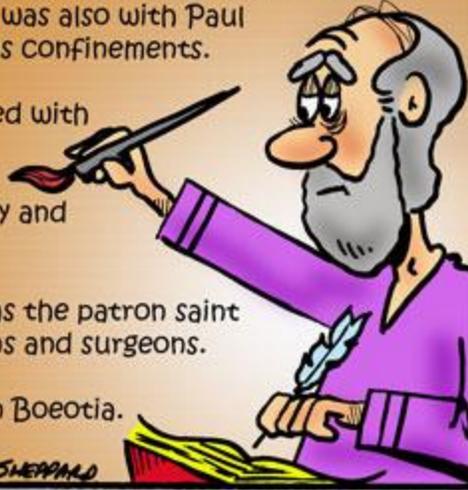
St. Luke was born in Syria and trained as a physician. He was also one of the most extensive writers of the New Testament. In addition to his gospels, he also wrote the 'Acts of the Apostles.'

He was one of 'the seventy' and worked with St. Paul, traveling to Rome and converting Jews and pagans to Christianity. He was also with Paul during several of his confinements.

Luke is also credited with being a prolific painter, creating many works of Mary and Jesus.

St. Luke is known as the patron saint of artists, physicians and surgeons.

He died at age 84 in Boeotia.



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<= This is a picture thought to have been painted by St. Luke. It is now in Rome in the church of St. Mary Major.

St. Luke visited Our Lady and asked her about Jesus. He wrote what she said in the Gospel. He asked many other people who knew Jesus about what they knew and wrote it down.

St. Luke's feast day is October 18.